Value-based Approach to Overcoming Buyer Fears



Presenter: Tim Bailey Chief Strategy Officer Avid Ratings

What is there to be afraid of?



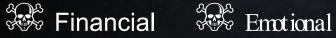
Plus:

- Interest rates
- Purchasing power
- Consumer debt
- Wildfires

BC Housing Research Centre

- Layoffs
- Online News Act

The homebuying process can be scary













What is fear?

Amygdala

Decision-making

✓ Memory

Anxiety Aggression

′ Fear

Threat of harm: Physical
Emotional
Psychological
(Real or Imagined)

"A threat stimulus, such as the sight of a predator, triggers a fear response in the amygdala, which activates areas involved in fight or flight." (Smithsonian Magazine)

51% of buyers feel anxious when it comes to the homebuying process

•More afraid of purchasing a home than:

- their fear of commitment = 89%
- o filing their tax returns = 82%
- having a tooth pulled = 78%
- their fear of heights = 75%



Financial fears typically top the list for homebuyers

8 Biggest Housing Market Concerns Over the Next 12 Months



100

BC Housing Research Centre

31% of <u>first-time</u> buyers fear experiencing a house value drop



45% of <u>recent</u> homebuyers fear the value of their home declining





Are home buyers confusing value with price?

CAN BE AN A REAL PROPERTY AND

VALUE

F.E.A.R. = False Evidence Appearing Real

PRICE

BASIS FOR COMPARISON	PRICE	COST	VALUE
Meaning	Price is the amount paid for acquiring any product or service.	Cost is the amount incurred in producing and maintaining the product.	Value is the utility of a good or service for a customer.
Figure			
Determines	What a company charges?	What a company incurs or spend?	What product pays to the customers i.e. worth.
Ascertainment	Price is ascertained from the customer's or marketer's perspective.	Cost is ascertained from the producer's perspective.	Value is ascertained from the consumer's perspective.
Estimation	Through Pricing policy	Through computation of expenditure	Through usefulness
Impact of variations in market	Prices of product increase or decrease.	Cost of inputs rises or fall.	Value remains unchanged.
Monetary Measurement	Yes	Yes	No

Price, cost, and value are not the same

- Value is not a monetary measurement
- Value is what a product or service "gives back" to a customer
- Value doesn't change with market variations

A Value story...

1983 Kawasaki GPz motorcycle

MSRP in 1983: \$5,599

Manufacturer's Cost: ~\$3,400*

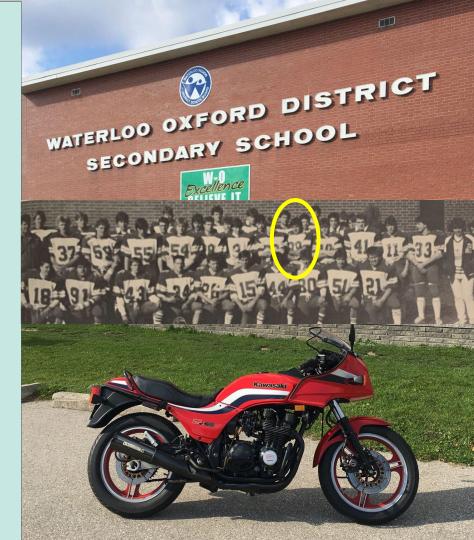
My Purchase Price in 2017: \$1,800 (for a 34 yr. old bike)

Estimated Market Price in 2023: \$1,800

Value to My Wife: <\$0

Value to Me: Priceless

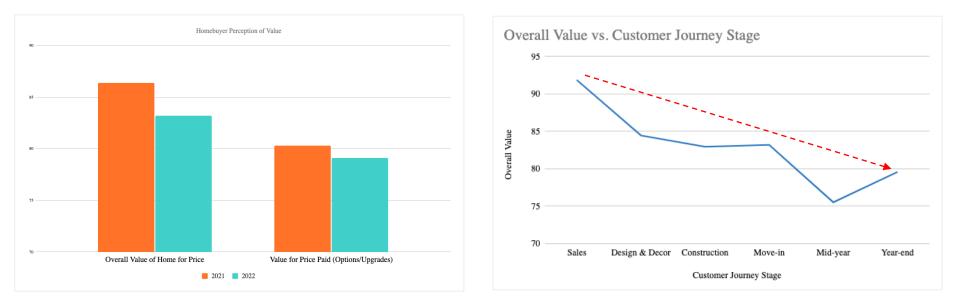
*estimate for parts & labor=60% of MSRP



What is the Value of a home?

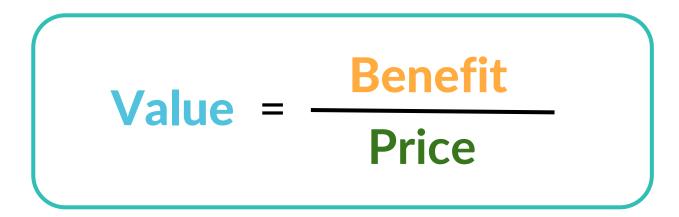


Homebuyers perception of value is declining



On a year-over-year basis and along the customer journey stages

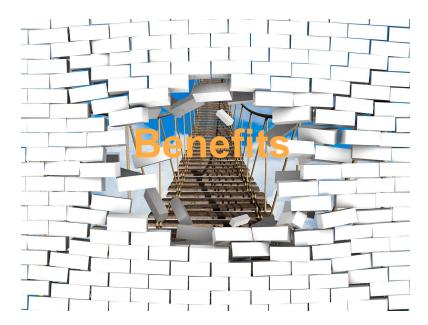
Understanding the value equation



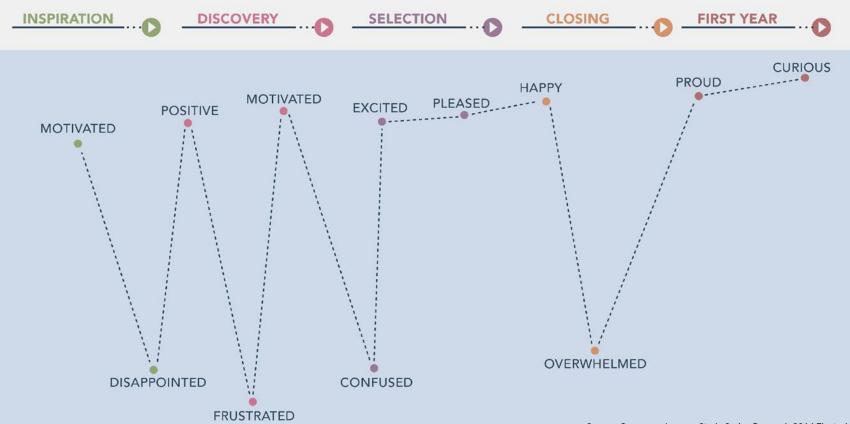
2 options to increase a homebuyer's perception of value:
1.Increase the benefit
2.Decrease the price

What do we mean by benefit?

- Something that produces good results or promotes well-being
- The bridge between where we are and where we would like to be
- State #1 vs. State #2

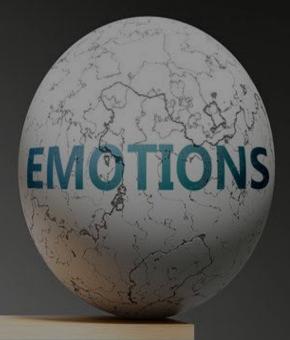


EMOTIONAL JOURNEY





44% of buyers paid more for a property because they "really liked it"



Source: Commonwealth Bank Survey, 2013

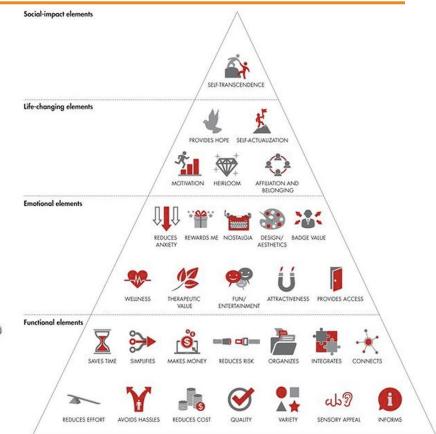
Binary considerations

Emotional vs. logical
Trust vs. doubt
Qualify vs. disqualify
Feelings vs. features

Today's consumers want value

- Functional
- Emotional
- Life-changing
- Social-impact





Source: 2015 Bain & Company, The Elements of

Creating value means building trust



If you lose a buyer's confidence, you will lose the buyer

Edelman Trust Barometer

- Distrust is now consumers "default"
- 81% of shoppers say that trust impacts buying decisions
- 71% of consumers state "it is more important to trust the brands I buy or use today than in the past"

Edelman Trust Institute (2019/2023)



Based on research on the human brain, when we meet someone we scan...

1.Are they trustworthy?

2.Are they useful to us?

Those same human brains are evaluating companies and brands the same way.

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Buyer fears are real...

...and we need to create more value to overcome those fears

About **10 to 15%** of homes sold in Canada are new homes...

Why buy new?

- Attractive = pride of ownership
- Modern features = ease
- Energy-efficient = comfort
- Community amenities = lifestyle
- Warranty = security
- Customization/personalization
 - 55% of buyers care about customizing their house to some degree
 - 35% intend to construct it from scratch

(Zillow Housing Trends Report, 2023)

Principles of Value-based Selling?

- 1. Know your customers
- 2. Focus on teaching
- 3. Guide the customer through the process
- 4. Make it personal
- 5. Add value during every interaction

Start by changing how we use the words price, cost and value...

• Value is not a monetary measurement

- Value is what a product or service gives back to a customer
- Value doesn't change with market variations

Customers will not pay a dollar more than their perceived value of your product.



Questions?

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